Our Solar System

TIME

Session

3-4

90 min. including break Art of learning



WARM-UP: "AYE, AYE SPACESHIP CAPTAIN" – MISSION TO MARS, JUPITER, SATURN, URANUS AND NEPTUNE This will happen: The students embark on further space missions focusing on Mars, Jupiter and Saturn (Session 3) and Uranus and Neptune (Session 4) and follow orders from their Captain. Materials needed: T19 Warm up spaceship sound (resource bank). Use making tape to create a spaceship outline on the floor. T19 Photos and facts for the warm-up (resource bank). Music player. Make a spaceship on the floor with masking tape. Preparations in advance: Preparations in the space: Check that the sound system works. Create a spaceship on the floor with masking tape (with room for the whole class to stand together with room to spread out). The space looks like this: Classroom. GUIDANCE: New commands (all given in space during the guiet part of the music): **1.** The mission starts with a practice following the Spaceship Captain's instructions carefully. "Stir the oxygen tanks" - spinning around themselves "Life support" (means grab everything necessary for people to survive on board, including pressure, oxygen, 2. "Astronauts" - students answer "Aye, Aye Captain!" and they bring the back of their hand up to their forehead water and toilet) - two people use their arms to make a chair and a third person sits on it and stand up straight. Practise some new commands and repeat some of the familiar ones: "Sleep" – one student places their arms around another from behind, like a belt. The one in front drops their head 'We are ready for take off" – students put on fictional helmets and get themselves in the starting position. and closes their eves. "Take off" – hands on the safety harnesses (over both shoulders) and respond by saving "bump-bump-bump" 3. Begin the mission, the Captain says, "Astronauts," waits for an answer, then says, "Briefing." and shaking up and down. "Lean right' - repeat the command, then lean right. 4. Session 3: Describe the mission's goal, which is an orbit around Jupiter and Saturn, before landing on Mars. Describe the "Lean left' - repeat the command, then lean left. "Lean back" – repeat the command, then lean back. facts about the first planet on the mission: Jupiter. "Lean forward" - repeat the command, then lean forward. Session 4: "Landing" - respond by saving "bump, bump, bump" and put their heads between their leas and arms above Describe the facts about the mission which is a very long journey to two gas planets they can't stop at. their heads. Uranus and Neptune. Describe the facts about the first planet on the mission: Uranus. "Briefing" - everyone sits down on the floor with their hands under their chin. (explain the description of the 5. Begin the mission, say, "We are ready for takeoff." Play the T19 Warm up spaceship music (resource bank). mission). Start by counting down from 10 in English and then together say, "Lift off." "Solar flare" (eruption from a solar storm) – everyone must quickly gather in a corner of the spacecraft (which is protected by lead). 6. Do a variation of the rehearsed commands. "Solar flare has past" – all quickly back in place. 7. Session 3: During launch: "Deploy rocket" - Hands straight out to the sides with spread fingers and the sound "pchhh". Can Travel to Jupiter and then Saturn (Session 3). Describe the facts about Saturn. Land on Mars. Describe the be repeated up to 3 times during launch - three different rockets are deployed. facts about Mars. In space: "Weightless" - students turn to another student, they lean forward towards each other, hold hands and Session 4: put one foot up in the air. Travel past Uranus and then Neptune. Describe the facts about Neptune. 8. Return to Earth.

NOTES

Our So REFLECTION: OUR SOL This will happen:	AR SYSTEM QUIZ ENGLISH YES/N Students use Yes/No and Yes/B reflection	Session 3-4 WARNINGS preparations O AND YES/A n cards to show answers t	TIME 90 min. including break	Art of learning	
Materials needed:					
GUIDANCE: Open the Golden Chest. Hand out a set of reflection cards to each student. Explain that some statements will be read out and that students need to listen carefully. Count up to five and when it gets to five, the students should hold up the card they think is correct.8. There hav 9. Martians I 10. I have com Session 3: If the statement is correct, they should choose the Yes card and if it is wrong, they should choose the Yes or No.8. There hav 9. Martians I 10. I have com 2. Uranus is 2. Uranus is 2. Uranus is 3. Uranus spit and the planet Jupiter today. Yes or No.8. There hav 9. Martians I 10. I have com 2. Uranus is 3. Uranus spit 4. I ve enjoyer 5. Philosoph 6. Astronaut 7. Neptune i 3. Jupiter is the largest planet in the solar system – Yes or No 4. I can't wait to burst the balloons inside the yarn planets – Yes or No 5. Saturn is a rocky planet – Yes or No 6. Philosophical question: Is there life on other planets? (this should not be answered just thought about) 7. When you are 1 year old, on Saturn you are 29 Earth years old – Yes or No8. There hav 9. Martians I 10. I have com 9. I is the solar system – Yes or No 9. I we have the solar system – Yes or No 9. I we have the solar system – Yes or No 				 ¹here have been humans on Mars – Yes or No ¹Aartians live on Mars – Yes or No ¹ have contributed well to the group work today – Yes or No ¹ ision 4 ¹ Jranus is my favourite planet – Yes or A ¹ Jranus spins the opposite way to Earth – Yes or A ¹ Jranus spins the opposite way to Earth – Yes or A ¹ Ve enjoyed making planets – Yes or A ² Philosophical question: What is a human being in the universe? (this should not be answered) ¹ Astronauts float around in the spaceship – Yes or A ¹ Veptune is the planet furthest from the Sun – Yes or A ¹ Neptune is dark, cold and windy – Yes or A ¹ Ike the soundtrack we hear in the warm-up – Yes or A ¹ I would like to be an astronaut – Yes or A 	
MAIN ACTIVITY: WORKING IN GROUPS TO MAKE A SCALE MODEL OF THE SOLAR SYSTEM USING A RANGE OF TECHNIQUES					
This will happen:	Working in groups the students will create a model of the Solar System to the correct scale.				
Materials needed:	T1902 Solar System technique description (see detailed list of material here! resource bank), T1902 Solar system table – 1 copy for each group (resource bank), T1901 Solar System fact sheet (from Session 1 – resource bank), a ruler for each group.				
Preparations in advance:	Refer to the document Making our Solar System Techniques (resource bank). This can also be used to show examples in the session. Source all the materials as described in the Making our Solar System Techniques documents and think about how the sessions can be structured so that as much time as possible is made available for the students to make the models. Print out the T1902 Solar System tables (resource bank) and add these with examples in the Golden Chest. Include an example of the mini models (in the bag) from Session 1 as well as the fact sheets about the planets from Session 1.				
Preparations in the space:	Prepare materials, set up group tables.				
The space looks like this:	Classroom/craft room with students working on group tables.				
 GUIDANCE: This task goes over both sessions 3 and 4: Put the students into groups who will work together to make a complete set of planets in the Solar System to scale relative to each other and the Sun created in Session 2. Explain what scale means, referring to the mini models in Session 1. Give each group a Solar System table and demonstrate how to measure diameter and how to tick off each planet on the table as it is finished. Explain the different techniques they will use: yarn, balloons and self-drying clay. Let each group agree on a group name (which will be used to label all their planets as they are made) and how they will distribute the work needed to make the planets among themselves. Ask them if everyone 				ake what planet? Offer support only if necessary and allow the groups to work through the challenges by emselves as much as possible. In groups make their planets and hang the finished models to dry as they go. The groups finish, ask the students to create posters with information about each of the planets. These will be g together with the planets outdoors in Session 5. These can be laminated so that they are more durable for loors. Ask how far from the Sun do they think this planet will be when the Sun is this size? (ask if the students make a hypothesis).	

how they will distribute the work needed to make the planets among themselves. Ask them if everyone should begin by working together on one planet, or should they divide themselves up? Who's going to

Otherwise, refer to Session 5 for other preparations that can be carried out in Sessions 3 and 4 if there is time available.